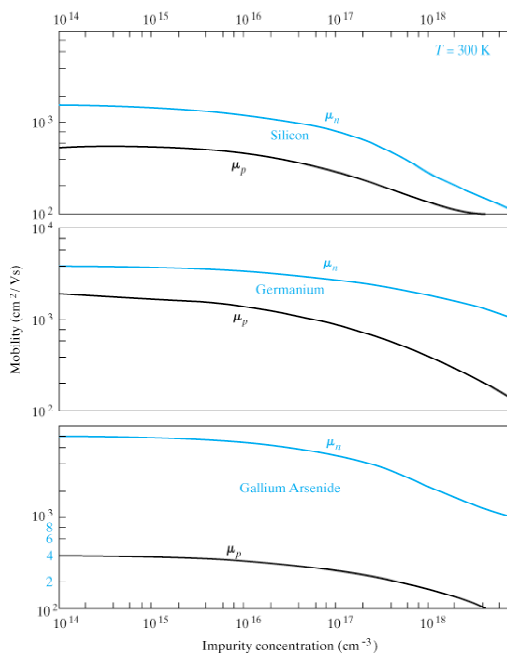
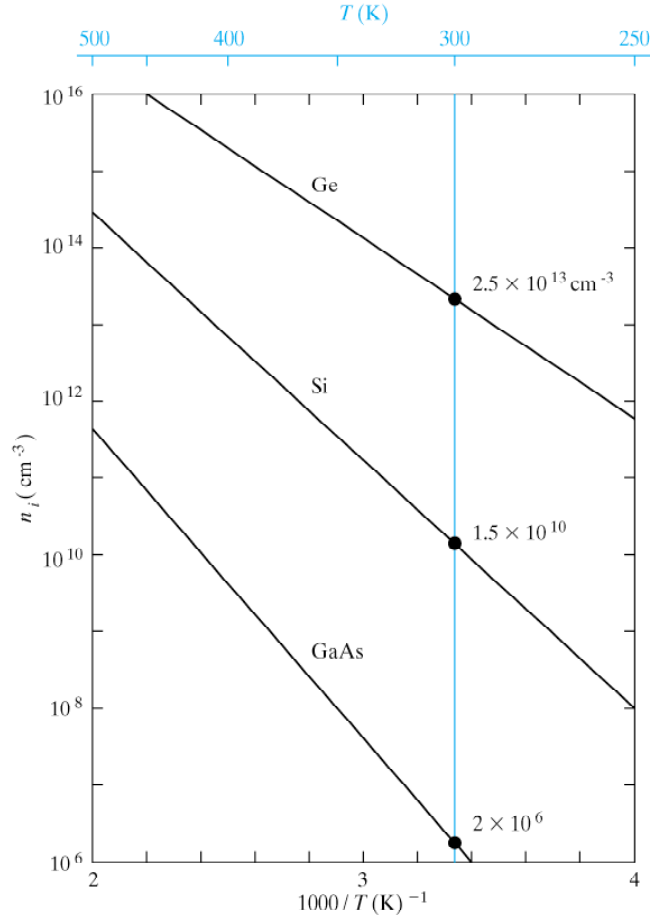
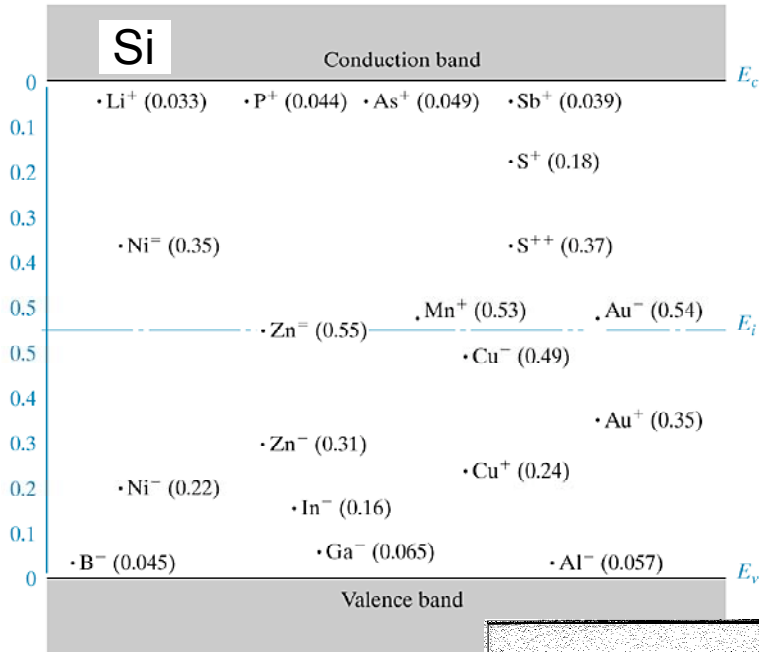
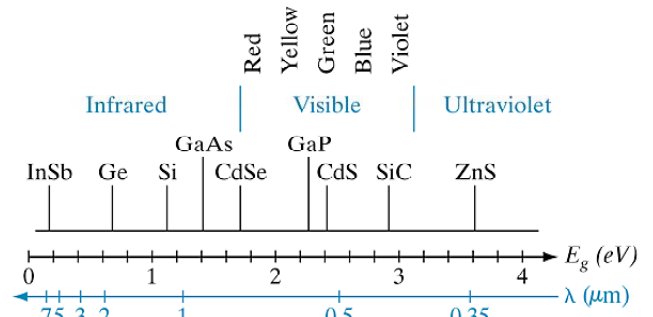
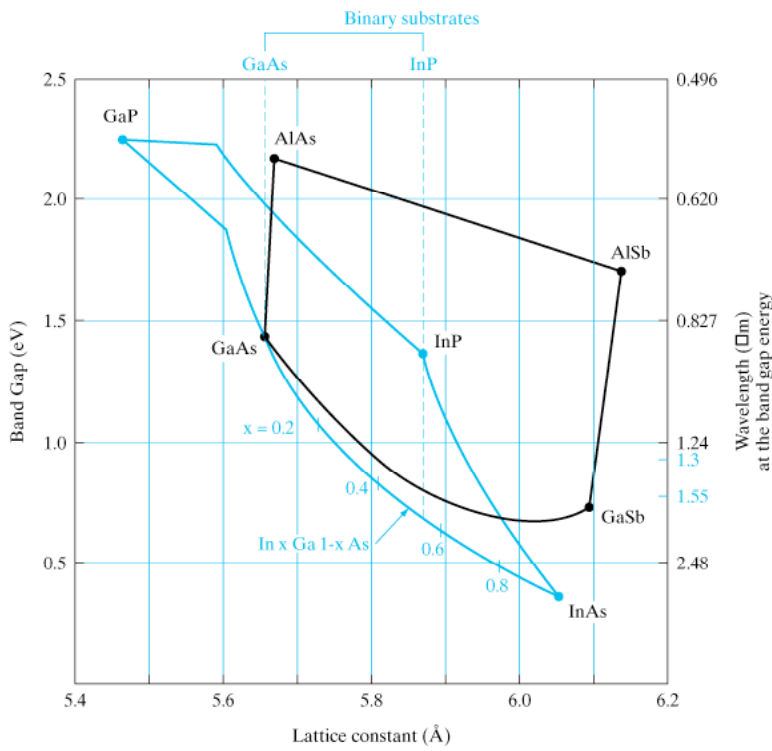




		E_g (eV)	μ_n (cm^2/Vs)	μ_p (cm^2/Vs)	m_n^*/m_0 (m_e/m_0)	m_p^*/m_0 (m_h/m_0)	α (Å)	ϵ_r	Density (g/cm^3)	Melting point ($^\circ\text{C}$)
Si	(i/D)	1.11	1350	480	0.98, 0.19	0.16, 0.49	5.43	11.8	2.33	1415
Ge	(i/D)	0.67	3900	1900	1.64, 0.082	0.04, 0.28	5.65	16	5.32	936
SiC (α)	(i/W)	2.86	500	—	0.6	1.0	3.08	10.2	3.21	2830
AlP	(i/Z)	2.45	80	—	—	0.2, 0.63	5.46	9.8	2.40	2000
AlAs	(i/Z)	2.16	1200	420	2.0	0.15, 0.76	5.66	10.9	3.60	1740
AlSb	(i/Z)	1.6	200	300	0.12	0.98	6.14	11	4.26	1080
GaP	(i/Z)	2.26	300	150	1.12, 0.22	0.14, 0.79	5.45	11.1	4.13	1467
GaAs	(d/Z)	1.43	8500	400	0.067	0.074, 0.50	5.65	13.2	5.31	1238
GaN	(d/Z, W)	3.4	380	—	0.19	0.60	4.5	12.2	6.1	2530
GaSb	(d/Z)	0.7	5000	1000	0.042	0.06, 0.23	6.09	15.7	5.61	712
InP	(d/Z)	1.35	4000	100	0.077	0.089, 0.85	5.87	12.4	4.79	1070
InAs	(d/Z)	0.36	22600	200	0.023	0.025, 0.41	6.06	14.6	5.67	943
InSb	(d/Z)	0.18	10^5	1700	0.014	0.015, 0.40	6.48	17.7	5.78	525
ZnS	(d/Z, W)	3.6	180	10	0.28	—	5.409	8.9	4.09	1650*
ZnSe	(d/Z)	2.7	600	28	0.14	0.60	5.671	9.2	5.65	1100*
ZnTe	(d/Z)	2.25	530	100	0.18	0.65	6.101	10.4	5.51	1238*
CdS	(d/W, Z)	2.42	250	15	0.21	0.80	4.137	8.9	4.82	1475
CdSe	(d/W)	1.73	800	—	0.13	0.45	4.30	10.2	5.81	1258
CdTe	(d/Z)	1.58	1050	100	0.10	0.37	6.482	10.2	6.20	1098
PbS	(i/H)	0.37	575	200	0.22	0.29	5.936	17.0	7.6	1119
PbSe	(i/H)	0.27	1500	1500	—	—	6.147	23.6	8.73	1081
PbTe	(i/H)	0.29	6000	4000	0.17	0.20	6.452	30	8.16	925

All values at 300 K.

*Vaporizes

SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Electron Momentum: $p = mv = \hbar k = \frac{h}{\lambda}$ Planck: $E = h\nu = \hbar\omega$

Kinetic: $E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}\frac{p^2}{m} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m^*}k^2$ (3-4) Effective mass: $m^* = \frac{\hbar^2}{d^2E/dk^2}$ (3-3)

Total electron energy = P.E. + K.E. = $E_c + E(k)$

Fermi-Dirac e^- distribution: $f(E) = \frac{1}{e^{(E-E_F)/kT} + 1} \cong e^{(E_F-E)/kT}$ for $E \gg E_F$ (3-10)

Equilibrium: $n_0 = \int_{E_c}^{\infty} f(E)N(E)dE = N_c f(E_c) = N_c e^{-(E_c-E_F)/kT}$ (3-15)

$N_c = 2\left(\frac{2\pi m_n^* kT}{h^2}\right)^{3/2}$ $N_v = 2\left(\frac{2\pi m_p^* kT}{h^2}\right)^{3/2}$ (3-16), (3-20)

$p_0 = N_v[1 - f(E_v)] = N_v e^{-(E_F-E_v)/kT}$ (3-19)

$n_i = N_c e^{-(E_c-E_F)/kT}$, $p_i = N_v e^{-(E_F-E_v)/kT}$ (3-21)

$n_i = \sqrt{N_c N_v} e^{-E_i/2kT} = 2\left(\frac{2\pi kT}{h^2}\right)^{3/2} (m_n^* m_p^*)^{3/4} e^{-E_i/2kT}$ (3-23), (3-26)

Equilibrium: $n_0 = n_i e^{(E_F-E_i)/kT}$ $p_0 = n_i e^{(E_i-E_F)/kT}$ (3-25) $n_0 p_0 = n_i^2$ (3-24)

Steady state: $n = N_c e^{-(E_c-F_n)/kT} = n_i e^{(F_n-E_i)/kT}$ $p = N_v e^{-(F_p-E_v)/kT} = n_i e^{(E_i-F_p)/kT}$ (4-15) $np = n_i^2 e^{(F_n-F_p)/kT}$ (5-38)

$\mathcal{E}(x) = -\frac{dV(x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{q} \frac{dE_i}{dx}$ (4-26)

Poisson: $\frac{d\mathcal{E}(x)}{dx} = -\frac{d^2V(x)}{dx^2} = \frac{\rho(x)}{\epsilon} = \frac{q}{\epsilon}(p - n + N_d^+ - N_a^-)$ (5-14)

$\mu \equiv \frac{q\bar{l}}{m^*}$ (3-40a) Drift: $v_d \cong \frac{\mu \mathcal{E}}{1 + \mu \mathcal{E}/v_s} \begin{cases} = \mu \mathcal{E} \text{ (low fields, ohmic)} \\ = v_s \text{ (high fields, saturated vel.)} \end{cases}$ (Fig. 6-9)

Drift current density: $\frac{I_x}{A} = J_x = q(n\mu_n + p\mu_p)\mathcal{E}_x = \sigma \mathcal{E}_x$ (3-43)

Conduction Current: $J_n(x) = q\mu_n n(x)\mathcal{E}(x) + qD_n \frac{dn(x)}{dx}$ (4-23)
drift diffusion

$J_p(x) = q\mu_p p(x)\mathcal{E}(x) - qD_p \frac{dp(x)}{dx}$

$J_{\text{total}} = J_{\text{conduction}} + J_{\text{displacement}} = J_n + J_p + C \frac{dV}{dt}$

Continuity: $\frac{\partial p(x, t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \delta p}{\partial t} = -\frac{1}{q} \frac{\partial J_p}{\partial x} - \frac{\delta p}{\tau_p}$ $\frac{\partial \delta n}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{q} \frac{\partial J_n}{\partial x} - \frac{\delta n}{\tau_n}$ (4-31)

For steady state diffusion: $\frac{d^2 \delta n}{dx^2} = \frac{\delta n}{D_n \tau_n} \equiv \frac{\delta n}{L_n^2}$ $\frac{d^2 \delta p}{dx^2} = \frac{\delta p}{L_p^2}$ (4-34)

Diffusion length: $L \equiv \sqrt{D\tau}$ Einstein relation: $\frac{D}{\mu} = \frac{kT}{q}$ (4-29)

p-n JUNCTIONS

Equilibrium: $V_0 = \frac{kT}{q} \ln \frac{p_p}{p_n} = \frac{kT}{q} \ln \frac{N_a}{n_i^2/N_d} = \frac{kT}{q} \ln \frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2}$ (5-8)

$\frac{p_p}{p_n} = \frac{n_n}{n_p} = e^{qV_0/kT}$ (5-10) $W = \left[\frac{2\epsilon(V_0 - V)}{q} \left(\frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} \right) \right]^{1/2}$ (5-57)

One-sided abrupt $p^+ - n$: $x_{n0} = \frac{WN_a}{N_a + N_d} \approx W$ (5-23) $V_0 = \frac{qN_d W^2}{2\epsilon}$

$\Delta p_n = p(x_{n0}) - p_n = p_n(e^{qV/kT} - 1)$ (5-29)

$\delta p(x_n) = \Delta p_n e^{-x_n/L_p} = p_n(e^{qV/kT} - 1)e^{-x_n/L_p}$ (5-31b)

Ideal diode: $I = qA \left(\frac{D_p}{L_p} p_n + \frac{D_n}{L_n} n_p \right) (e^{qV/kT} - 1) = I_0 (e^{qV/kT} - 1)$ (5-36)

Non-ideal: $I = I_0' (e^{qV/nkT} - 1)$ (5-74)
($n = 1$ to 2)

With light: $I_{op} = qA g_{op}(L_p + L_n + W)$ (8-1)

Capacitance: $C = \left| \frac{dQ}{dV} \right|$ (5-55)

Junction Depletion: $C_j = \epsilon A \left[\frac{q}{2\epsilon(V_0 - V)} \frac{N_d N_a}{N_d + N_a} \right]^{1/2} = \frac{\epsilon A}{W}$ (5-62)

Stored charge
exp. hole dist.: $Q_p = qA \int_0^\infty \delta p(x_n) dx_n = qA \Delta p_n \int_0^\infty e^{-x_n/L_p} dx_n = qAL_p \Delta p_n$ (5-39)

$I_p(x_n = 0) = \frac{Q_p}{\tau_p} = qA \frac{L_p}{\tau_p} \Delta p_n = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} p_n (e^{qV/kT} - 1)$ (5-40)

$G_s = \frac{dI}{dV} = \frac{qAL_p p_n}{\tau_p} \frac{d}{dV} (e^{qV/kT}) = \frac{q}{kT} I$ (5-67c)

Long p⁺-n: $i(t) = \frac{Q_p(t)}{\tau_p} + \frac{dQ_p(t)}{dt}$ (5-47)

MOS-n CHANNEL

Oxide: $C_i = \frac{\epsilon_i}{d}$ Depletion: $C_d = \frac{\epsilon_s}{W}$ MOS: $C = \frac{C_i C_d}{C_i + C_d}$ (6-36)

Threshold: $V_T = \underbrace{\Phi_{ms} - \frac{Q_i}{C_i}}_{\text{Flat band}} - \frac{Q_d}{C_i} + 2\phi_F$ (6-38)

Inversion: $\phi_s(\text{inv.}) = 2\phi_F = 2 \frac{kT}{q} \ln \frac{N_a}{n_i}$ (6-15) $W = \left[\frac{2\epsilon_s \phi_s}{qN_a} \right]^{1/2}$ (6-30)

$Q_d = -qN_a W_m = -2(\epsilon_s q N_a \phi_F)^{1/2}$ (6-32) At V_{FB} : $C_{FB} = \frac{C_i C_{\text{debye}}}{C_i + C_{\text{debye}}}$

Debye screening length: $L_D = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_s kT}{q^2 p_0}}$ (6-25) $C_{\text{debye}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \epsilon_s}{L_D}$ (6-40)

Substrate bias: $\Delta V_T = \frac{\sqrt{2\epsilon_s q N_a}}{C_i} (-V_B)^{1/2}$ (n channel) (6-63)

$I_D = \frac{\bar{\mu}_n Z C_i}{L} \left\{ (V_G - V_{FB} - 2\phi_F - \frac{1}{2}V_D)V_D - \frac{2}{3} \frac{\sqrt{2\epsilon_s q N_a}}{C_i} [(V_D + 2\phi_F)^{3/2} - (2\phi_F)^{3/2}] \right\}$ (6-50)

$I_D \approx \frac{\bar{\mu}_n Z C_i}{L} [(V_G - V_T)V_D - \frac{1}{2}V_D^2]$ (6-49)

Saturation: $I_D(\text{sat.}) \approx \frac{1}{2} \bar{\mu}_n C_i \frac{Z}{L} (V_G - V_T)^2 = \frac{Z}{2L} \bar{\mu}_n C_i V_D^2(\text{sat.})$ (6-53)

$g_m = \frac{\partial I_D}{\partial V_G}$; $g_m(\text{sat.}) = \frac{\partial I_D(\text{sat.})}{\partial V_G} \approx \frac{Z}{L} \bar{\mu}_n C_i (V_G - V_T)$ (6-54)

For short L: $I_D \approx Z C_i (V_G - V_T) v_s$ (6-60)

Subthreshold slope: $S = \frac{dV_G}{d(\log I_D)} = \frac{kT}{q} \ln 10 \left[1 + \frac{C_d + C_{it}}{C_i} \right]$ (6-66)

BJT-p-n-p

$I_{Ep} = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} \left(\Delta p_E \tanh \frac{W_b}{L_p} - \Delta p_C \text{csch} \frac{W_b}{L_p} \right)$ (7-18) $\Delta p_E = p_n (e^{qV_{En}/kT} - 1)$ $\Delta p_C = p_n (e^{qV_{Cn}/kT} - 1)$ (7-8)

$I_C = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} \left(\Delta p_E \text{csch} \frac{W_b}{L_p} - \Delta p_C \tanh \frac{W_b}{L_p} \right)$

$I_B = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} \left[(\Delta p_E + \Delta p_C) \tanh \frac{W_b}{2L_p} \right]$ (7-19)

$B = \frac{I_C}{I_{Ep}} = \frac{\text{csch } W_b/L_p}{\tanh W_b/L_p} = \text{sech} \frac{W_b}{L_p} \approx 1 - \left(\frac{W_b^2}{2L_p^2} \right)$ (7-26)

(Base transport factor)

$\gamma = \frac{I_{Ep}}{I_{En} + I_{Ep}} = \left[1 + \frac{L_p^n n_n \mu_n^p}{L_n^n p_p \mu_p^n} \tanh \frac{W_b}{L_p^n} \right]^{-1} \approx \left[1 + \frac{W_b n_n \mu_n^p}{L_n^n p_p \mu_p^n} \right]^{-1}$ (7-25)

(Emitter injection efficiency)

$\frac{i_C}{i_E} = B\gamma \equiv \alpha$ (7-3)

$\frac{i_C}{i_B} = \frac{B\gamma}{1 - B\gamma} = \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha} \equiv \beta$ (7-6)

$\frac{i_C}{i_B} = \beta = \frac{\tau_p}{\tau_i}$ (7-7)

(Common base gain)

(Common emitter gain)

(For $\gamma = 1$)